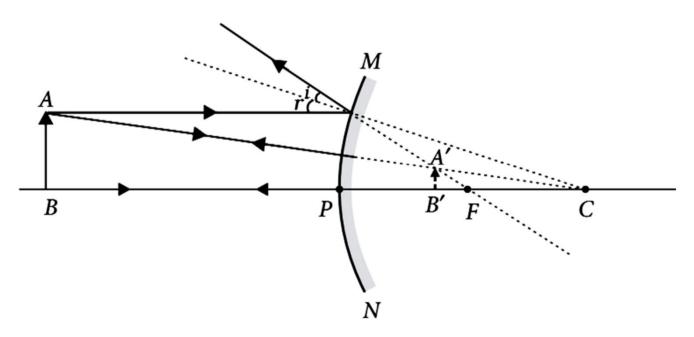
## **CASE STUDY QUESTION 17**

## Read the following and answer any four questions from (i) to (v)

Convex mirrors are used as rear-view mirrors in vehicles. The image formed in a convex mirror is diminished (ray diagram is shown here) due to which it gives a wide field of view of the traffic behind the vehicle. Consider a convex mirror used on a moving automobile with radius of curvature 2 m and a truck is coming from behind it by maintaining a constant distance of 3.5 m.



- (i) The distance behind the mirror where the image is formed is
- (a) 0.28 m

(b) 1.5 m

(c) 0.78 m

(d) 7.8 m

Radius of curvature, R = 2 m

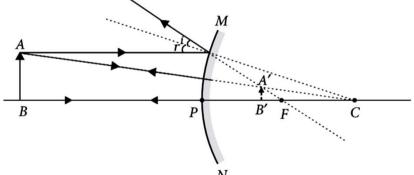
As 
$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{u}$$
 and  $R = 2F \implies \frac{2}{R} = \frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{u} \implies \frac{2}{2} = \frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{-3.5}$   
 $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{v} = 1 + \frac{1}{3.5} \implies \frac{1}{v} = \frac{4.5}{3.5} \implies v = \frac{3.5}{4.5} \implies v = 0.78 \text{ m}$ 

- (ii) The nature of the image formed is
- (a) virtual and erect

(b) real and inverted

(c) real, erect and enlarged

(d) none of these



Ans: (a) virtual and erect

- (iii) The size of the image relative to the size of the truck is
- (a) 0.30

(b) 0.5

(c) 0.78

(d) 0.22

Magnification, 
$$m = -\frac{v}{u} = -\frac{0.78 \text{ m}}{(-3.5 \text{ m})}$$
$$= 0.22$$

- (iv) The focal length of the mirror is
- (a) 0.5 m

(b) 1 m

(c) 1.5 m

(d) 2 m

Focal length of the mirror, 
$$f = \frac{R}{2}$$
  
=  $\frac{2}{2} = 1 \text{ m}$ 

- (v) If instead of 3.5 m, truck maintains a distance of 2 m, the image formed will be
- (a) real, erect and diminished
- (b) virtual, inverted and diminished
- (c) real, erect and enlarged
- (d) virtual, erect and diminished

A convex mirror always produces a virtual, erect and diminished image.

Ans: (d) virtual, erect and diminished